

# Inguinal canal

The **inguinal canal**, or **canalis inguinalis**, is a 4–5 cm slit in the lower part of the abdominal wall. It lies above the *league. inguinale* in places where the bundles of the *obliquus internus abdominis* and *transversus abdominis* muscles no longer reach. Here, the abdominal wall is formed only by the aponeurosis of the *obliqui externi abdominis* muscle, the transverse fascia and the parietal peritoneum.

## Contents of the inguinal canal

In men, it passes through the *canalis inguinalis funiculus spermaticus* (during intrauterine development, the testicles descend through the canal to the scrotum together with the peritoneal cavity - *proc. vaginalis peritonaei*), in women, *lig. teres uteri*. In both sexes, the *ilioinguinalis nerve* (ventral from the funiculus or ligament - often pierces the aponeurosis of the oblique muscle outside the *anulus inguinalis superficialis*) and the *genitalis n. genitofemoralis* (dorsomedially from the funiculus or ligament) also pass through here.

The inguinal canal begins deep in the *anulus inguinalis profundus*, then runs above the *lig. inguinale Pouparti* obliquely mediocaudally and into the subcutaneous opening in the *anulus inguinalis superficialis*.

## Anulus inguinalis superficialis (subcutaneus)

It is an opening in the aponeurosis of the *obliqui externi abdominis* (it projects onto the inner surface of the abdominal wall into the *fossa inguinalis medialis*).

### Boundaries

- **Craniomedially**: *crus mediale* – attaches to the *tuberculum pubicum* (continues to the other side as *lig. inguinale reflexum Collesi*);
- **caudolaterally** : *crus laterale* – merges with the *lig. inguinale*;
- **laterally** : *fibrae intercrurales* – run arcuately from the *ligaments. inguinale* perpendicular to both crura;
- **medially** : *lig. inguinale reflexum* – attaches to the *linea alba*, or is a continuation of the bilateral *crus mediale*.

## Anulus inguinalis profundus (praeperitonealis)

It is not a true opening - it is the place where the *fascia transversalis* is funneled into the inguinal canal and continues as the *fascia spermatica interna*.

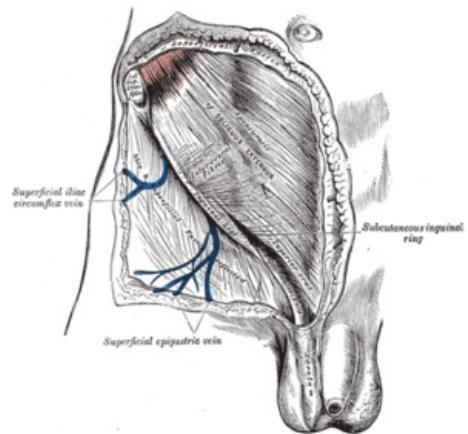
### Boundaries

- **Cranially** : the lower edge of the *transversus abdominis muscle*;
- **caudally** : *lig. inguinale*;
- **medially** : *lig. interfoveolare* (strengthening of the transverse fascia given by the pull of the *ductus deferens*, which wraps around the *lig. interfoveolare*), *vasa epigastrica inferiora* (branches of the *a. iliaca externa*) run behind it;
- **laterally** : the angle where the bundles of the *transversus abdominis muscle* start from the *lig. inguinale*.

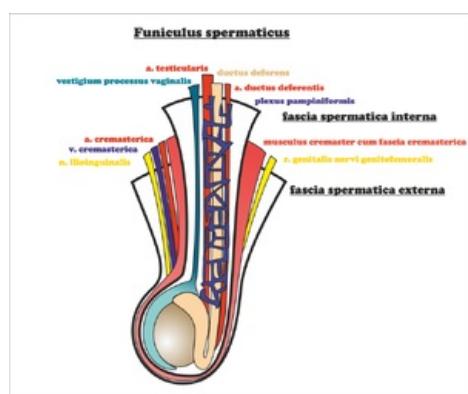
## Walls of the inguinal canal

- **Ventrally** : aponeurosis of the *obliqui externi abdominis*;
- **dorsally** : *fascia transversalis* (bridging the gap between the lower edge of the *obliquus internus + transversus abdominis* and *lig. inguinale*), is strengthened in the *lig. interfoveolare* and in the *falk inguinialis*;
- **cranially** : the caudal edges of the *obliquus internus* and *transversus abdominis* muscles and their fused tendons continuing into the *tendo conjunctivus*, which runs along the outer edge of the attachment of the *recti abdominis* muscle to the *pecten ossis pubis*;
- **caudally** : *lig. inguinale Pouparti*.

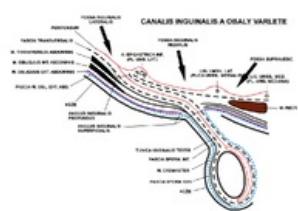
## The section of the wall above the *lig. inguinale*



Superficial inguinal annulus.



Funiculus spermaticus



Canalis inguinalis and coverings of the testicle

It is formed only by the transverse fascia.

#### **Division by the course of the leagues. interfoveolar to:**

- **lateral** - *anulus inguinalis profundus* (in the *fossa inguinalis lateralis*, it is the inner gate of an indirect inguinal hernia - *hernia inguinalis indirecta*);
- **medial** - *trig. inguinale Hesselbachi* (in the *fossa inguinalis medialis*, is the inner gate of a direct inguinal hernia - *hernia inguinalis directa*).

**Hesselbachi's trigonum inguinale** is thus a weak spot of the abdominal wall bordered by thickened strips of transverse fascia ( *lig. interfoveolare* , *falx inguinalis* ) and *ligamentum inguinale* .

## **Links**

### **Related articles**

- Inguinal hernias
- Abdominal muscles
- Vas deferens

### **External links**

- Mefanet - Tříselný kanál (<http://mefanet.lfp.cuni.cz/clanky.php?aid=5>)
- PAVLÍKOVÁ, Lada. *Tříselný kanál* [online]. Výukový portál Lékařské fakulty v Plzni [online], ©2009. The last revision 12.10.2011, [cit. 2011-11-27]. <<http://mefanet.lfp.cuni.cz/clanky.php?aid=5>>.

### **Source**

- PASTOR, Jan. *Langenbeck's medical web page* [online]. [cit. 2009]. <<https://langenbeck.webs.com/>>.