

Chronic subdural hematoma / PGS / diagnostics

Template:PGS

CHSDH is bleeding that occurs **without an obvious history** and may be an accidental finding on imaging. However, it usually has a clinical correlate, where the dominant finding is a **headache** , **mental alteration** event, **focal neurological symptoms** . A similar clinical finding is found in **late posttraumatic subdural hygroma** , which arises after arachnoid rupture, when the expansion process consists only of cerebrospinal fluid without a significant blood admixture. Chronic subdural hematoma **is not a developmental stage of acute subdural hematoma** , but a different nosological unit.

- ws: Chronický subdurální hematom/PGS/diagnostika



Subdural hematoma on CT